

ALLIANCE



**JOINING FORCES
GLOBALLY** TO END
FORCED LABOUR,
MODERN SLAVERY,
HUMAN TRAFFICKING
AND CHILD LABOUR

Updated Workplan of the Alliance 8.7 Supply Chains Action Group

Adopted 2024

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Outcome 1. Advance research and understanding on child labour, forced labour and human trafficking in supply chains.

Output 1. Statistical surveys developed to show the prevalence of child labour and forced labour in at least two supply chains with sex-disaggregated data where possible.

Output 2. Research carried out on trends related to root causes of child labour, forced labour and human trafficking, including on the impact of informality and decent work deficits, in global and domestic supply chains (with sex disaggregated data where possible) and of existing tools available to prevent, mitigate and remediate child labour, forced labour and human trafficking in supply chains, including an updated version of the Alliance 8.7 report *Ending child labour, forced labour and human trafficking in global supply chains*.

Output 3. Pathfinder countries have developed their capacity to collect data and produce baselines to measure progress with sex-disaggregated data where possible.

Output 4. Report published on the impact and effectiveness of due diligence legislation on child labour, forced labour and human trafficking among affected and potentially affected groups and other relevant actors in supply chains.

Output 5. Report published on the profits and poverty of child labour.

Outcome 2. Support policy coherence and advocacy at different levels on child labour, forced labour and human trafficking in supply chains.

Output 1. Knowledge sharing and understanding catalysed on procurement policies, including on the role of governments to advance public and private responsible procurement and how such policies address child labour, forced labour and human trafficking.

Output 2. At least four initiatives started on due diligence on child labour, forced labour and human trafficking in the lowest tiers of the supply chain in collaboration with businesses, including Employers' Organisations, their SME membership and business members of the Alliance 8.7 networks (e.g. Child Labour Platform and Forced Labour Network). The initiatives will facilitate meaningful consultations with affected and potentially affected groups and other relevant stakeholders, including trade unions.

Output 3. Joint advocacy efforts from A8.7 members on addressing child labour, forced labour and human trafficking in supply chains supported.

Outcome 3. Promote greater cooperation on capacity building and tools to address child labour, forced labour and human trafficking in supply chains.

Output 1: Capacity building activities and tools developed for Alliance 8.7 members to share information, including a workshop series, on their contribution to reach Target 8.7 in supply chains.

Output 2: Existing Alliance 8.7 partners' initiatives scaled up or developed to improve workers' access to technology designed to prevent child labour, forced labour and human trafficking in supply chains, including through knowledge of labour rights.

Output 3: Alliance 8.7 efforts leveraged to support workers' and employers' organisations (with a particular focus on their SME members) to raise awareness and build capacities to prevent, mitigate and remediate child labour, forced labour and human trafficking.



Output 4: Capacity on due diligence built among Employers' Organisations, their SME membership and business members of the Alliance 8.7 networks (e.g. Child Labour Platform and Forced Labour Network).

Outcome 4. Accelerating action in key countries and supply chains

Output 1. Existing Alliance 8.7 partners' initiatives scaled up or consolidated to address one or more of the systemic root causes, including informality and decent work deficits, of child labour, forced labour and human trafficking in key sectors: mining, cocoa, coffee, cotton (most likely as a partnership of FAO, ILO, EU, World Bank and other stakeholders), and fishing.

Output 2: Dialogue promoted between home and host country governments regarding child labour, forced labour and human trafficking in supply chains.

Output 3: Social dialogue promoted in key sectors (mining, cocoa, coffee, cotton and fishing) through improved participation of social partners' organizations and engagement with local stakeholders in responsible sourcing and recruitment initiatives.

Output 4: Knowledge and best practices sharing and multistakeholder collaboration catalysed on specific sectors, including mining, cocoa, coffee, cotton/garment, and fishing.